Open Government Data Initiative Colombia

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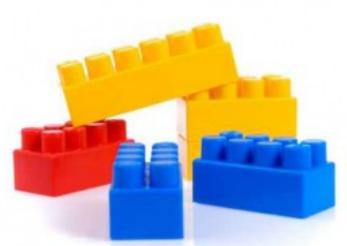
Outline

1	Ask people
2	A flexible approach
3	Some achievements

New challenges



E-Government Strategy



Efficiency and Collaboration

Government agencies, citizens, the private sector and the academy generate value-added services from public data

Transparency

Accountability

Citizen Participation

Promote citizen participation using electronic media

Competitiveness and Quality of life

New business models for public administration



Asking People

2010: Preliminary Survey (Citizens)

¿Which type of services would you like to have from public agencies?

69%

Education

67%

Health

63%

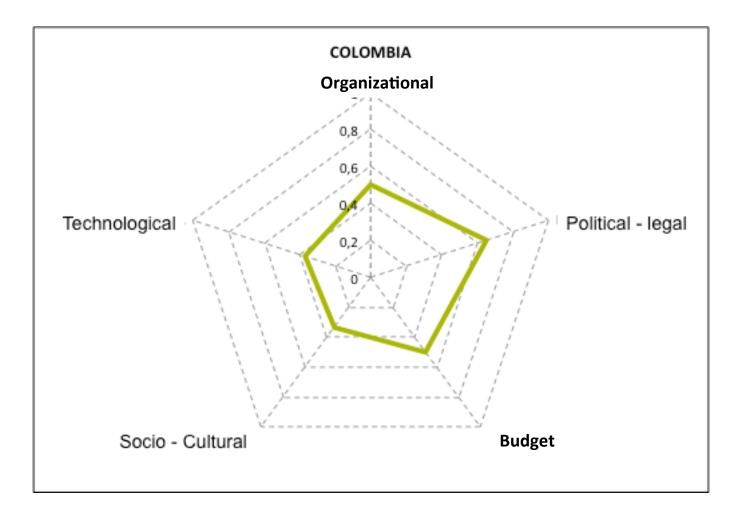
Utilities

63%

Employment

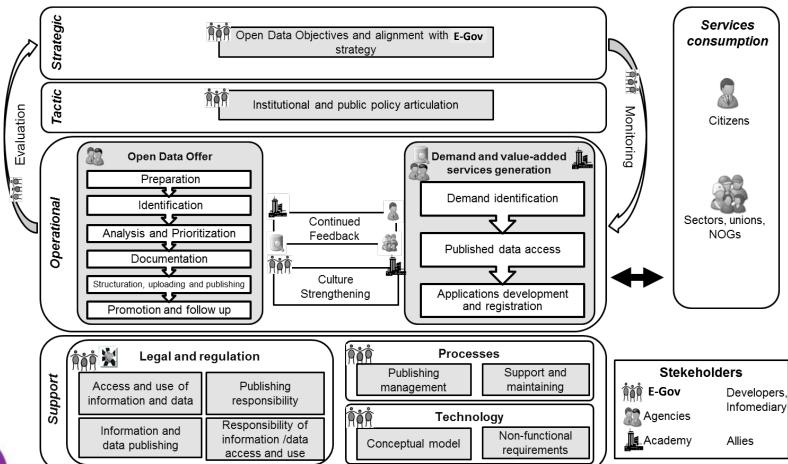


2011: Building up a flexible approach





Framework



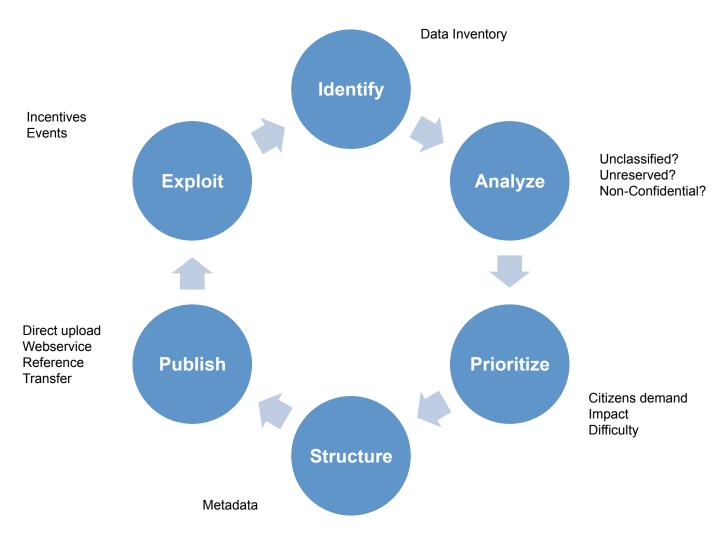


Roadmap

Improved 2015 Advanced **Basic** 2014 2013 Initial 2012 Data responding to **Analysis and** Sustainability of best Identification of data prioritization of data citizens' needs applications to be opened sets/feedback from citizens and organizations Continuous **Quality assurance** Release of highinnovation Pilots and first data impact data sets/The sets released local level is involved (Central level) Collaboration Central and local Semantic web **Prototype of catalogs** platforms catalogs (Data and Apps) Collaborative events Massive Public/private **Sporadic** collaborative events (Targeted) cooperation collaborative events Monitoring the use of Key performance Impact assessment **Monitoring agencies** indicators data

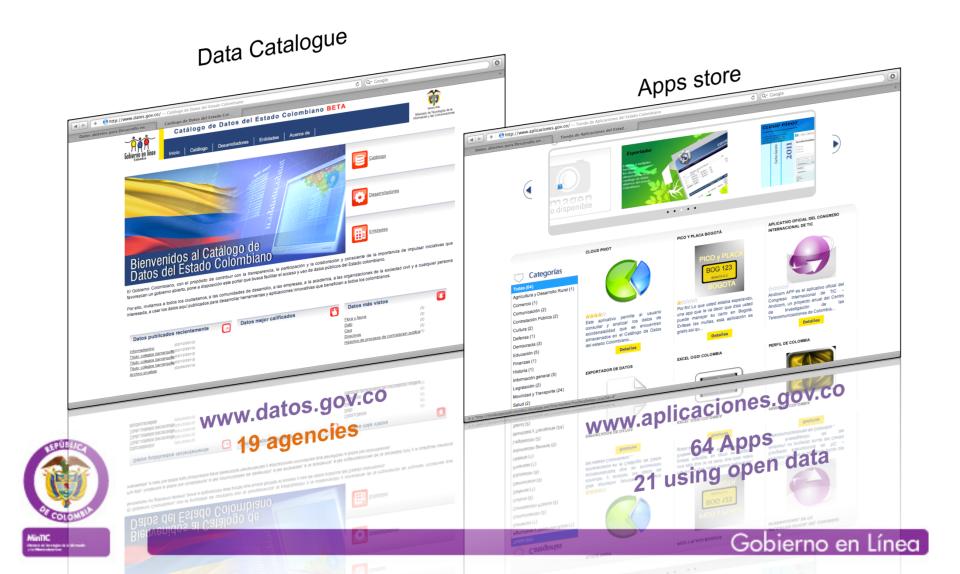


Opening circle

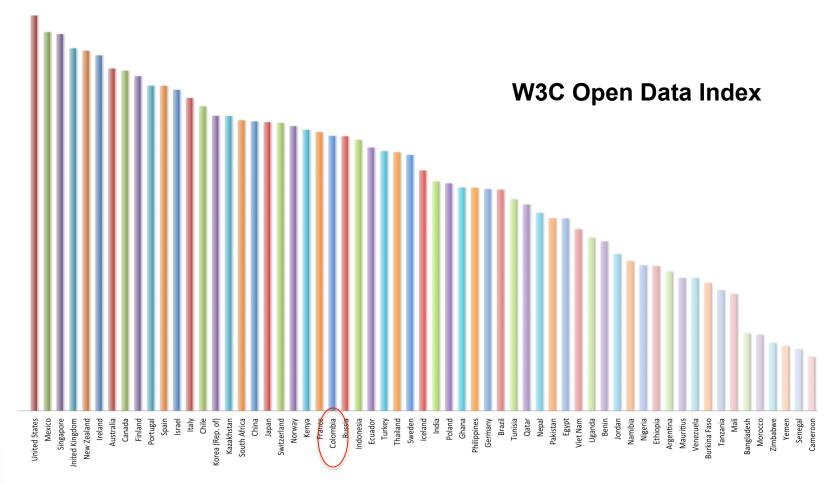




Some achievements



Some achievements





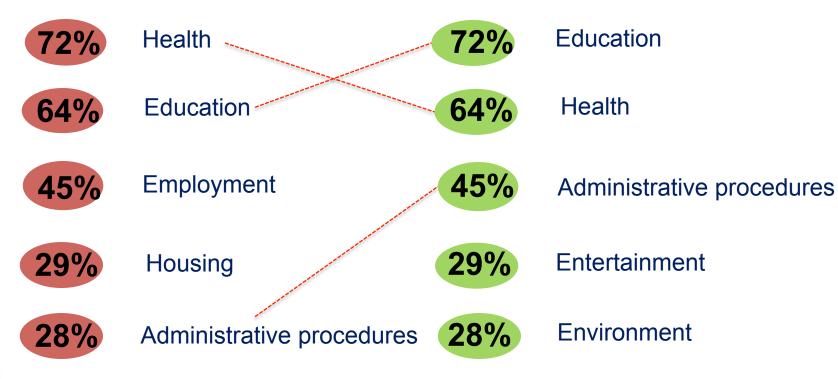
Keep monitoring

Citizens

Which type of government apps would you like to have?

Third parties

In which areas are you keen to develop apps based on public information?





Gobierno en Línea

The new challenges

Emerging barriers...

- Legal framework
- Particular information business models
- Developers business models
- Incentives for opening and re-use
- Identification of value-added data

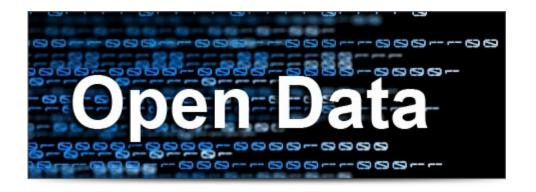


This year...

- 4 national collaborative events (Hackatons)
- More than 100 Mobile Apps targeting social services (Education, Health, Employment, Housing)
- Training to public agencies
- Release of high-impact data and according to citizens demand
- Encouraging the use of data by third parties



Some lessons



- The Open Data model in Colombia provides a framework for data opening in a structured and organized manner, establishing balance and sustainability between supply and demand of data.
- Added value must be obtained from solutions that meet citizens' needs and agencies' services.



Some lessons



- Complexity perceived by public agencies regarding the openness process is one of the main barriers for the model implementation.
- Those challenges are mainly related to civil servants behavior
 - Fear of losing control over data
 - Legal responsibility for publishing data
 - Concern and distrust about third parties which may market the information.





